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	>> Properties of Atoms	Unit	CHECKPOINT			
>>	Properties of Atoms	Onit	1	2	3	
8.5	Matter and energy. The student knows that matter is composed of atoms and has					
	chemical and physical properties.					
	chemical and physical properties.					

Process (Tools to Know)		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
		Onit	1	2	3	
8.2(A) 8.2(B) 8.4(A)	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations design and implement experimental investigations collect, record, and analyze information using tools					
	connected 8.1(A), 8.1(B), 8.4(B)				

Contont	Content		CHECKPOINT			
Content		Unit	1	2	3	
Structure of Ato	ms					
8.5(A)	describe the structure of atoms, including the masses, electrical charges, and locations, of protons and neutrons in the nucleus and electrons in the electron cloud					
8.5(B)	identify that protons determine an element's identity and valence electrons determine its chemical properties, including reactivity					
Periodic Table						
8.5(C)	interpret the arrangement of the Periodic Table, including groups and periods, to explain how properties are used to classify elements					
6.6(A)^	compare metals, nonmetals, and metalloids using physical properties such as luster, conductivity, or malleability					

Process (Mayerta Chaye)		Unit	CHECKPOINT		
PIOC	Process (Ways to Show)		1	2	3
8.2(E)	8.2(E) analyze and formulate explanations, communicate conclusions, and predict trends				
8.3(B)	8.3(B) use models to represent the natural world				
	connected 8.2(C), 8.2(D), 8.3(A), 8.3(C), 8.3(D)				

>> TEKS clusters typically requiring additional time and focus in the curriculum



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Chemical Formulas, Equations, and Reactions		CHECKPOINT			
Chemical Formulas, Equations, and Reactions	Unit	1	2	3	
8.5 Matter and energy. The student knows that matter is composed of atoms and has chemical and physical properties.					

Dro	Process (Tools to Know)		Heit	CH	IECKPOII	NT
PIO			Unit	1	2	3
8.2(A) 8.2(B) 8.4(A)	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations design and implement experimental investigations collect, record, and analyze information using tools					
		connected 8.1(A), 8.1(B), 8.4(B)				

Contex	-t _		Unit	CHECKPOINT		
Conter	11		Unit	1	2	3
Chemical I	Formula	5				
8.5(0))	recognize that chemical formulas are used to identify substances and determine the number of atoms of each element in chemical formulas containing subscripts				
Chemical I	Reaction	S				
8.5(E	Ξ)	investigate how evidence of chemical reactions indicates that new substances with different properties are formed and how that relates to the law of conservation of mass				
7.6(A)^	7.6(B) [2010]	distinguish between physical and chemical changes in matter				
Density						
6.6(B)^	calculate density to identify an unknown substance				

Process (Mayata Shaw)		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
PIOC	Process (Ways to Show)		1	2	3	
8.2(E)	8.2(E) analyze and formulate explanations, communicate conclusions, and predict trends					
8.3(B)	8.3(B) use models to represent the natural world					
	connected 8.2(C), 8.2(D), 8.3(A), 8.3(C), 8.3(D)					



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>> Force Mation and Energy		CHECKPOINT			
>> Force, Motion, and Energy	Unit	1	2	3	
8.6 Force, motion, and energy. The student knows that there is a relationship between force, motion, and energy.					

Process (Tools to Know)		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
			1	2	3	
8.2(A) 8.2(B) 8.4(A)	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations design and implement experimental investigations collect, record, and analyze information using tools					
, ,	, , ,	connected 8.1(A), 8.1(B), 8.4(B)				

Contont		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
Content		Unit	1	2	3	
Force						
8.6(A)	demonstrate and calculate how unbalanced forces change the speed or direction of an object's motion					
Motion						
8.6(C)	investigate and describe applications of Newton's three laws of motion such as in vehicle restraints, sports activities, amusement park rides, Earth's tectonic activities, and rocket launches					
8.6(B)	differentiate between speed, velocity, and acceleration					
6.8(C)^	calculate average speed using distance and time measurements					
6.8(D)^	measure and graph changes in motion					
Energy						
6.8(A)^	compare and contrast potential and kinetic energy					
6.9(C)^	demonstrate energy transformations such as energy in a flashlight battery changes from chemical energy to electrical energy to light energy					

Process (Ways to Show)		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
			1	2	3	
8.2(D) 8.2(E) 8.3(B)	construct tables and graphs to organize data and identify patterns analyze and formulate explanations, communicate conclusions, and predict trends use models to represent the natural world					
0.0(2)	connected 8.2(C), 8.3(A), 8.3(C), 8.3(D)					

 $>> \,$ TEKS clusters typically requiring additional time and focus in the curriculum



Student Learning Report: Grac	de 8 Science
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Cup Fouth and Many		CHECKPOINT			
Sun, Earth, and Moon	Unit	1	2	3	
8.7 Earth and space. The student knows the effects resulting from cyclical movements of the Sun, Earth, and Moon.					

Process (Tools to Know)		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
			1	2	3	
8.2(A) 8.2(B) 8.4(A)	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations design and implement experimental investigations collect, record, and analyze information using tools					
		connected 8.1(A), 8.1(B), 8.4(B)				

Content		Unit	CHECKPOINT		
		Oilit	1	2	3
Rotation and Re	volution of the Earth				
8.7(A)	model and illustrate how the tilted Earth rotates on its axis, causing day and night, and revolves around the Sun causing changes in seasons				
Lunar Cycle	Lunar Cycle				
8.7(B)	demonstrate and predict the sequence of events in the lunar cycle				ı
Tides					
8.7(C)	relate the positions of the Moon and Sun to their effect on ocean tides				

Process (Ways to Show)		CHECKPOINT			
		1	2	3	
8.2(E) analyze and formulate explanations, communicate conclusions, and predict trends 8.3(B) use models to represent the natural world					
connected 8.2(C), 8.2(D), 8.3(A), 8.3(C), 8.3()				



Student Learning Report: Grac	de 8 Science
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Characteristics of the Universe		CHECKPOINT			
Characteristics of the Universe	Unit	1	2	3	
8.8 Earth and space. The student knows characteristics of the universe.					

Process (Tools to Know)		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
			1	2	3	
8.2(A) 8.2(B) 8.4(A)	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations design and implement experimental investigations collect, record, and analyze information using tools					
		connected 8.1(A), 8.1(B), 8.4(B)				

Content			Unit	CHECKPOINT			
		Unit	1	2	3		
Characteristics of the Universe							
8.8(A	۸)	describe components of the universe, including stars, nebulae, and galaxies, and use models such as the Hertzsprung-Russell diagram for classification					
8.8(B	3)	recognize that the Sun is a medium-sized star located in a spiral arm of the Milky Way galaxy and that the Sun is many thousands of times closer to Earth than any other star					
8.8(C	·)	identify how different wavelengths of the electromagnetic spectrum such as visible light and radio waves are used to gain information about components in the universe					
6.11(B	s)^	understand that gravity is the force that governs the motion of our solar system					
Theories of Origins of the Universe							
8.8(D)	8.8(E) [2010]	research how scientific data are used as evidence to develop scientific theories to describe the origin of the universe					

Process (Manufacture)		Unit	CHECKPOINT		
PIO	Cess (Ways to Show)	Oilit	1	2	3
8.2(E) 8.3(B)					
	connected 8.2(C), 8.2(D), 8.3(A), 8.3(C), 8.3(D)				



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Impact of Natural Events		CHECKPOINT			
Impact of Natural Events	Unit	1	2	3	
8.9 Earth and space. The student knows that natural events can impact Earth systems.					

Drococc (Table to Manua)		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
Proc	Cess (Tools to Know)	Unit	1	2	3	
8.2(A) 8.2(B) 8.4(A)	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations design and implement experimental investigations collect, record, and analyze information using tools					
	connected 8.1(A), 8.1(B), 8.4	3)				

Content		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
		Ullit	1	2	3	
Plate Tectonics						
8.9(B)	relate plate tectonics to the formation of crustal features					
8.9(A)	describe the historical development of evidence that supports plate tectonic theory					
Topographic Maps						
8.9(C)	interpret topographic maps and satellite views to identify land and erosional features and predict how these features may be reshaped by weathering					
7.8(C)^	model the effects of human activity on groundwater and surface water in a watershed					

Process (Messale Chann)		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
PIO	cess (Ways to Show)	Oilit	1	2	3	
8.2(E) 8.3(B)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	connected 8.2(C), 8.2(D), 8.3(A), 8.3(C), 8.3(D)					



Student Learning Report: Grac	de 8 Science
Name	Grading Period



Climatic Interactions		CHECKPOINT			
Climatic interactions	Unit	1	2	3	
8.10 Earth and space. The student knows that climatic interactions exist among Earth, ocean, and weather systems.					

		Heit	CHECKPOINT			
PIOC	Cess (Tools to Know)		Unit	1	2	3
8.2(A) 8.2(B) 8.4(A)	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations design and implement experimental investigations collect, record, and analyze information using tools					
		connected 8.1(A), 8.1(B), 8.4(B)				

Contont	Contont		CHECKPOINT			
Content		Unit	1	2	3	
Atmospheric Mo	vement and Weather					
8.10(A)	recognize that the Sun provides the energy that drives convection within the atmosphere and oceans, producing winds					
8.10(B)	identify how global patterns of atmospheric movement influence local weather using weather maps that show high and low pressures and fronts					
Role of Oceans in Weather						
8.10(C)	identify the role of the oceans in the formation of weather systems such as hurricanes					

Drococc (May to Chay)		CHECKPOINT			
Process (Ways to Show)	Unit	1	2	3	
8.2(E) analyze and formulate explanations, communicate conclusions, and predict trends 8.3(B) use models to represent the natural world					
connected 8.2(C), 8.2(D), 8.3(A), 8.3(C), 8.3(D)					



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>> Interdependence of Living Systems		Unit	1	HECKPOIN 2	N I
	d environments. The student knows that interdependence occurs among and the environment and that human activities can affect these		-	-	
Process (Too	ls to Know)	Unit	CH 1	HECKPOIN 2	NT 3
3.2(B) design and im	lement comparative and descriptive investigations applement experimental investigations d, and analyze information using tools connected 8.1(A), 8.1(B), 8.4(B)				
Content		Unit	CH 1	HECKPOIN 2	NT 3
nterdependence					
8.11(A) 8.11(B) [2010]	investigate how organisms and populations in an ecosystem depend on and may compete for biotic factors such as food and abiotic factors such as quantity of light, water, range of temperatures, or soil composition				
7.5(B) [^] 7.5(C) [2010]	diagram the flow of energy through living systems, including food chains, food webs, and energy pyramids				
7.10(B)^	describe how biodiversity contributes to the sustainability of an ecosystem				
invironmental Cha	nges				
8.11(B) 8.11(C) [2010]	explore how short-and long-term environmental changes affect organisms and traits in subsequent populations				
7.10(C)^	observe, record, and describe the role of ecological succession such as in a microhabitat of a garden with weeds				
Dependence on Ocean Systems					
8.11(C) 8.11(D) [2010]	recognize human dependence on ocean systems and explain how human activities such as runoff, artificial reefs, or use of resources have modified these systems				
Genetics and Herec	lity				
7.11(A)^	examine organisms or their structures such as insects or leaves and use dichotomous keys for identification				
7.11(C)^	identify some changes in genetic traits that have occurred over several generations through natural selection and selective breeding such as the Galapagos Medium Ground Finch (Geospiza fortis) or domestic animals and hybrid plants				
7.14(B)^	compare the results of uniform or diverse offspring from asexual or sexual reproduction				
7.14(C)^	recognize that inherited traits of individuals are governed in the genetic material found in the genes within chromosomes in the nucleus				
Structure and Func	tion				
7.12(B)^	identify the main functions of the systems of the human organism, including the circulatory, respiratory, skeletal, muscular, digestive, excretory, reproductive, integumentary, nervous, and endocrine systems				
7.12(D)^	differentiate between structure and function in plant and animal cell organelles, including cell membrane, cell wall, nucleus, cytoplasm, mitochondrion, chloroplast, and vacuole				
7.12(F)^	recognize the components of cell theory				
6.12(D)^	identify the basic characteristics of organisms, including prokaryotic or eukaryotic, unicellular or multicellular, autotrophic or heterotrophic, and mode of reproduction, that further classify them in the currently recognized kingdoms				
			CI	HECKPOIN	li.

>> TEKS clusters typically requiring additional time and focus in the curriculum

use models to represent the natural world

This transitional Student Learning Report is intended to help teachers understand the streamlined TEKS. Assessment (Checkpoint) data on this report is aligned to the previous (2010) Science TEKS. Text for each Student Expectation (SE) reflects changes adopted by the State Board of Education (SBOE) through the TEKS streamlining process for implementation in the 2018-19 school year.

connected 8.2(C), 8.2(D), 8.3(A), 8.3(C), 8.3(D)

Source: Texas Education Agency



8.3(B)

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DEOCESS STANDARDS, SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION AND REASONING		Unit	CHECKPOINT			
	PROCESS STANDARDS: SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION AND REASONING		Unit	1	2	3
8.1	The student, for at least 40% of instructional time, conducts laboratory and field investigations following safety procedures and environmentally appropriate and ethical practices. The student uses scientific practices during laboratory and field investigations.	Tools to Know				
8.3	The student uses critical thinking, scientific reasoning, and problem solving to make informed decisions and knows the contributions of relevant scientists.	Ways to				
8.4	The student knows how to use a variety of tools and safety equipment to conduct science inquiry.	Show				

TOOLS TO KNOW		Unit	CHECKPOINT		
			1	2	3
8.1(A)	demonstrate safe practices during laboratory and field investigations as outlined in Texas Education Agency-approved safety standards				
8.1(B)	practice appropriate use and conservation of resources, including disposal, reuse, or recycling of materials				
8.2(A)	plan and implement comparative and descriptive investigations by making observations, asking well defined questions, and using appropriate equipment and technology				
8.2(B)	design and implement experimental investigations by making observations, asking well defined questions, formulating testable hypotheses, and using appropriate equipment and technology				
8.4(A)	use appropriate tools, including lab journals/notebooks, beakers, meter sticks, graduated cylinders, anemometers, psychrometers, hot plates, test tubes, spring scales, balances, microscopes, thermometers, calculators, computers, spectroscopes, timing devices, and other necessary equipment to collect, record, and analyze information				
8.4(B)	use preventative safety equipment, including chemical splash goggles, aprons, and gloves, and be prepared to use emergency safety equipment, including an eye/face wash, a fire blanket, and a fire extinguisher				

WAYS TO SHOW		Unit	CHECKPOINT		
			1	2	3
8.2(C)	collect and record data using the International System of Units (SI) and qualitative means such as labeled drawings, writing, and graphic organizers				
8.2(D)	construct tables and graphs, using repeated trials and means, to organize data and identify patterns				
8.2(E)	analyze data to formulate reasonable explanations, communicate valid conclusions supported by the data, and predict trends				
8.3(A)	analyze, evaluate, and critique scientific explanations by using empirical evidence, logical reasoning, and experimental and observational testing, so as to encourage critical thinking by the student				
8.3(B)	use models to represent aspects of the natural world such as an atom, a molecule, space, or a geologic feature				
8.3(C)	identify advantages and limitations of models such as size, scale, properties, and materials				
8.3(D)	relate the impact of research on scientific thought and society, including the history of science and contributions of scientists as related to the content				

