Level 6, Passage 1
"Millan"

An ayport deg handler Coper Millan cells himself the deg whienew

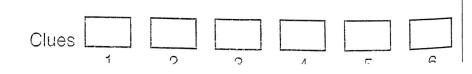
An expert dog handler, Cesar Millan calls himself the dog whisperer. He has a popular show on the National Geographic cable channel and lots of fans. Although he does not hold a degree in veterinary medicine or psychology, Cesar has helped hundreds of people whose dogs were out of control. His theory of dog psychology is very simple: A dog needs to know that its owner is the leader and that the dog is the follower.

If the dog thinks that it is the leader, it will drag the owner around and jump on the guests. The dog may bark at everyone who walks by its house and even attack the mail carrier. As a result, the owner may get frustrated and may feel like giving up. However, aggression is not the only problem. Dogs can also be neurotic. For example, they might be afraid to go near other dogs, or they might run around in circles chasing their own tails.

Cesar always starts his work by talking to the owner to find out why the dog is behaving poorly. Owners of problem dogs usually don't understand the cause of their dog's behavior. Sometimes the owner even makes the behavior worse by rewarding the dog instead of correcting it. The owner might also talk to a dog in a high excited voice, which just encourages the dog to get more excited and out of control.

Not everyone thinks Cesar is an expert with dogs. Some university-trained experts in animal behavior believe that Cesar's methods are simplistic and even dangerous. They think people who imitate Cesar are likely to be bitten by their dogs. That's the reason why the TV show always warns people never to try the techniques that Cesar uses.

Now that Cesar has his own TV show, he can visit people and bring the cameras along. That way, everyone can learn from the situations on the show. He usually has to train the owners as much as the dogs. Sometimes, Cesar uses his own team of dogs to help in the treatment. He has around fifty dogs. Even though some of them—like Rottweilers, pit bulls and Dobermans—were bred for fighting, under Cesar's care, they all get along well.



evel 6, Passage 1 Questior "Millan" 1. The dog whisperer is well known because ... (a) He is a great television actor. b. He holds a degree in veterinary medicine. c. He has a show on cable TV. (d) He's a good psychologist. 2. What is the probable meaning of "neurotic" in the second paragraph? a. Fearful and crazv. b. Nervy and bold. c. Addicted to drugs. 3. With which statement would the author most a. Cesar Millan talks big, but he doesn't back up b. You don't have to earn a college degree to be $m{\hat{C}}$ Rewards for good behavior are the key to controlling a dog. d. Some people think Cesar's methods are too complicated. 4. If you or I tried some of Cesar's techniques, (a) We would be able to train any animal. b. We might get bitten by the dog. c. We might get our own show on television. d. We might have dogs following us everywhere.

5. The main topic of this passage is ...

(d) Aggressive.

his bragging.

an expert.

likely agree?

- a. People who talk to their dogs in excited voices are dumb.
- (b). How to stop dogs from being aggressive.
- c. A gifted man shares his deep knowledge of dogs with the public.
- d. Owners of problem dogs usually have psychological problems.
- 6. Why do some experts warn against using Cesar's methods in the fourth paragraph?
 - a. They are jealous of the attention Cesar receives in the media.
 - (b) They think Cesar is becoming famous too
 - c. They fear his methods may be dangerous to people.
 - d. They think television shows should not be educational.

А

| Interence Feedback I like the way you Interacted with the questions and the passageNoted what you knowFound the clues | Name:_ |
|--|--|
| Found the cities Explored any supporting details Returned to the question and answered it | Lesson 2, Passage 3 "Home Theft" |
| their mo | In a tree of twas spring in the Delta, and the dogwood solia trees were in full bloom. Suddenly his attention was the eaves of the mansion. "What's that racket?" If Mrs. Squirrel heard him. They were scampering about solven blackbird kids. They always yell like that whenever m is feeding them." Just as she said this, the baby birds up again: cheep, cheep, cheep, cheep! |
| Mr. omother, her offs from tw | Jay Bird thought he counted five voices. Then he saw the a fine red-winged blackbird, bringing bugs and worms to pring. She landed on a metal collection box, where spouts o gutters went in the top and a third spout came out the Mrs. Blackbird had built her nest behind the upper spouts der the edge of the roof, where it was protected from wind |

"Now why didn't I think of that!?" thought the blue jay. "A creature of my brilliant plumage really deserves a home like that." He flew over to where the mother was feeding her baby blackbirds. It was an unending task, and she was in no mood for visitors. Mr. Jay Bird cleared his throat. "I'm sorry to be the one to tell you, but your nest is in violation of the Louisiana Historic Preservation Act. It will have to go."

Name:

Lesson 2, Passage 3 Questions "Home Theft"



1. In what season does the story take place?

- a. Summer.
- b. Autumn.
- c. Winter.
- d.)Spring.



- a. Three.
- (b.)Two.
 - c. Four.
 - d. One.

3. What type of bird is the mother bird in this story?

- (a.) A blackbird.
 - b. A blue jay.
 - c. A robin.
 - d. A cardinal.

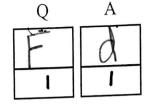
4. Where was Mrs. Blackbird's nest?

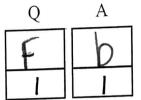
- a. In a magnolia tree.
- b. In a gutter of the house.
- (c) In a protected area.
- d. Inside a metal box.

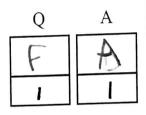
5. How did Mrs. Blackbird feel about Mr. Jay Bird's visit?

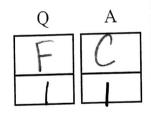
- a) She was not in a good mood.
 - b. She was always happy to stop and talk.
 - c. She hoped he would help her find more food.

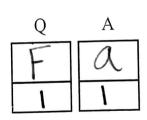
d. She offered him some bugs and worms.

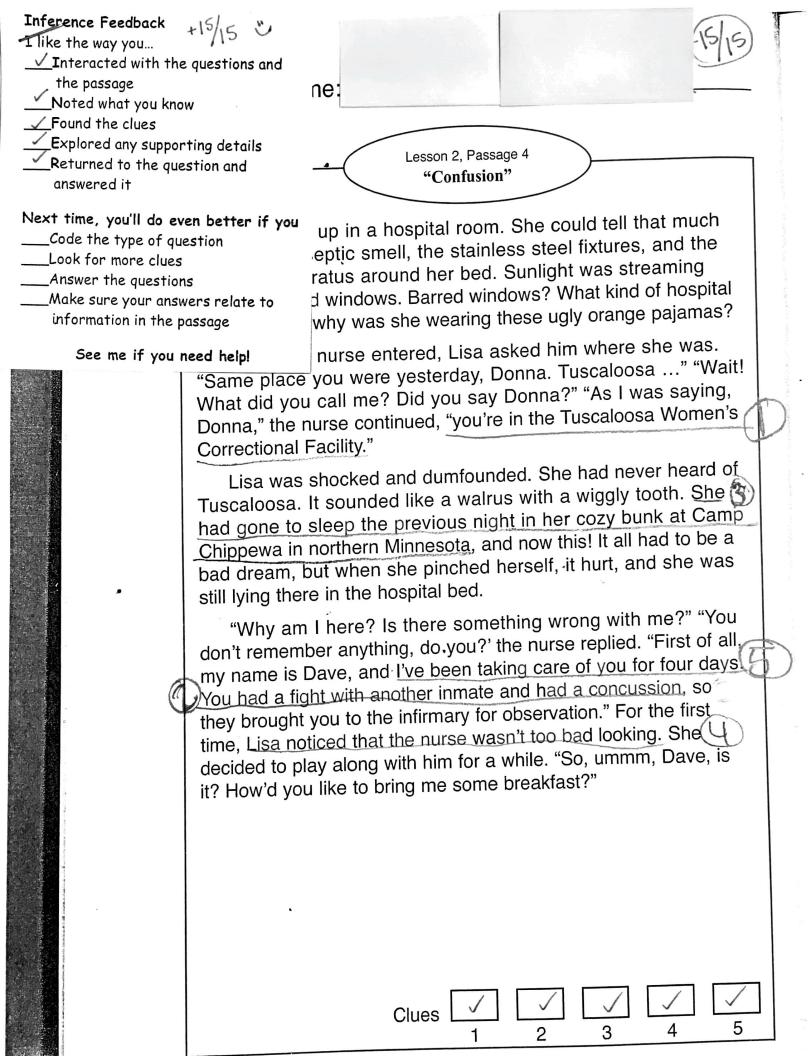








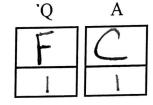


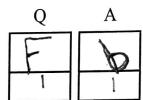


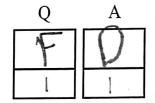
Name:

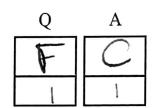
Lesson 2, Passage 4 Questions "Confusion"

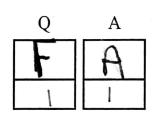
- 1. Where is Lisa at the end of the passage?
 - a. At a summer camp.
 - b. At a prison camp.
 - © In a prison hospital.
 - d. In a camp hospital.
- 2. Why did Lisa have a concussion?
 - a. She hit her head on the bunk.
 - (b). She got into a fight.
 - c. Another inmate hit her with a pipe.
 - d. She was in a car wreck.
- 3. Before Lisa woke up, the last place she remembered being was ...
 - a. In her bunk bed at the correction facility.
 - b. In Tuscaloosa, Alabama.
 - c. In her bed at the hospital.
 - d In a bunk bed is Minnesota.
- 4. Lisa thought the nurse caring for her was rather ...
 - a. Crazy.
 - b. Mean.
 - Attractive.
 - d. Helpful.
- 5. How long has Lisa been in the hospital?
 - Four days.
 - b. Four hours.
 - c. One week.
 - d. No one knows.







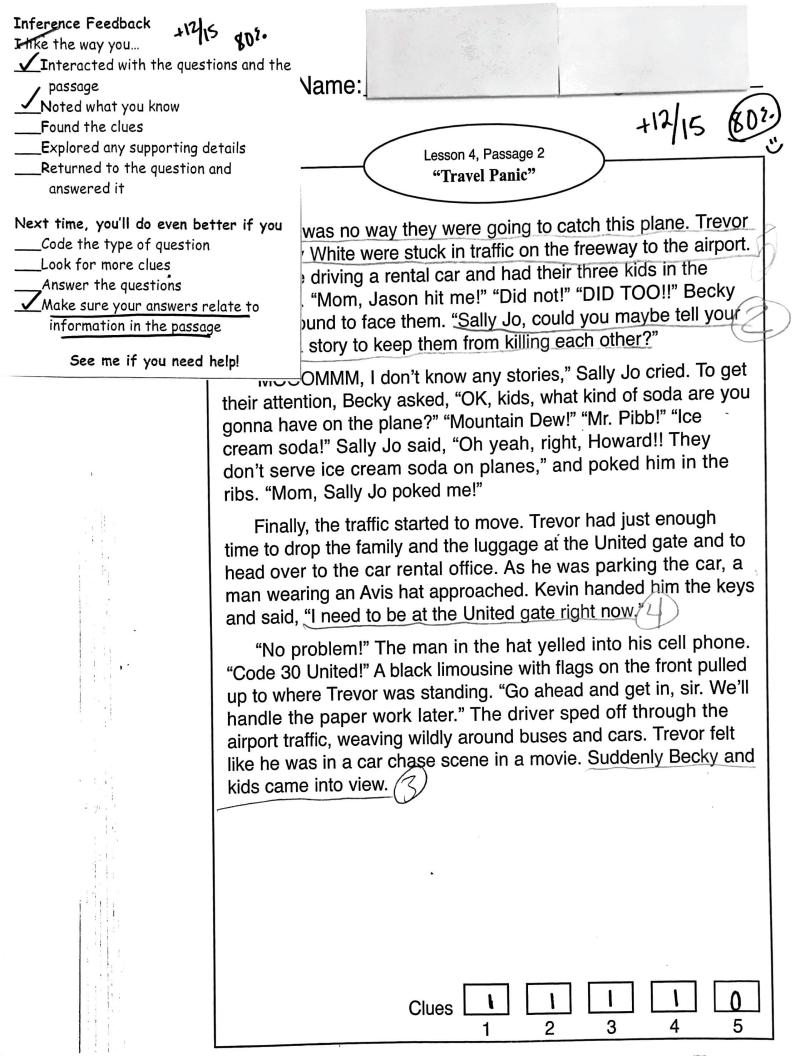




| Inference Feedback I like the way you Interacted with the of the passage Noted what you know Found the clues Explored any support Returned to the quest | ing details | Me:Lesson 3, Pass "Used Goo | | _ |
|---|---|--|---|------------|
| Next time, you'll do ever Code the type of que Look for more clues Answer the question Make sure your answ information in the p | stion s yers relate to assage need help! | m had bought them at joing around in someb these pants been?" habel. It said, "Made were hard to put on. | Danny wondered. He in China." They had a little canvas he elastic waist band. | |
| | Sometimes band. Wher out the end have a real Further right foot us his balance these stupic an idiot. He Finally, embarrass to push his guy got rid gonna drive | the right end of the bell that happened, Danny of the belt so that he couple buckle — just a couple more, when Danny was sually got caught on the dipants on. He had to he was glad his friends dipants down to his knew pants down to his knew of these pants!" he sa | It disappeared into the waist had to waste time fishing could fasten it. It didn't ever of plastic loops. Is putting his pants on, his pocket. That made him losell down when he was putting around his bedroom like | n se ng |
| | | Clues 1 | 2 3 4 5 | <i>[</i>] |

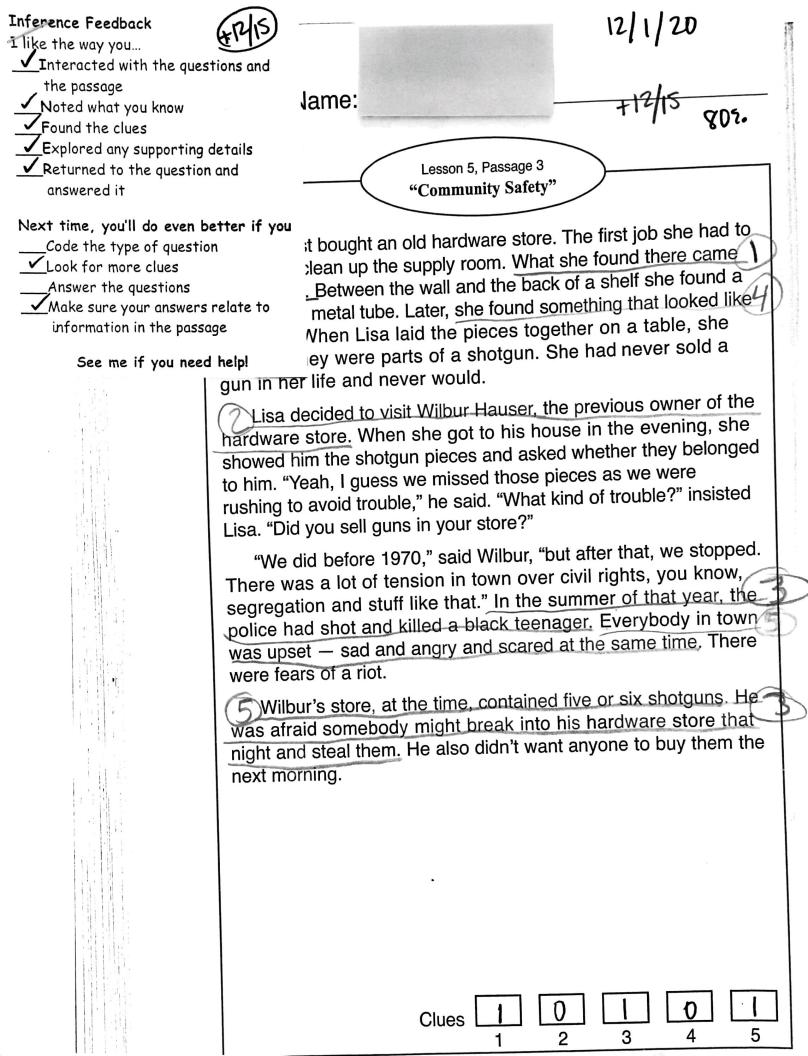
Name: Lesson 3, Passage 3 Questions "Used Goods" 1. When did Danny feel like an idiot? a. When he was in the men's room. When he was hopping around his bedroom. c. When he couldn't fasten his belt. d. When he found out where the pants came from. 2. What best describes the main tone of this passage? A a. Suspenseful. b. Educational. (2) Depressing. d. Humorous. 3. What was wrong with the zipper? a. Its teeth were broken. b. It was stuck. c.)It was too short. d. Its color did not match the pants. 4. This passage is mostly about ... 7a Danny's frustration. b. How Danny got rid of the pants. c. Why imported clothing is cheap. d. Fixing a pair of pants. 5. Which sentence best summarizes the passage? a. There are a lot of ways to get rid of pants. b. Danny spends a lot of time worried about school. C Danny is disgusted with his pants. d. Danny's pants are a health hazard.

t



Name: Lesson 4, Passage 2 Questions "Travel Panic" 1. What is the mood of the first and last paragraphs? Α a. Light-hearted. b. Tense. c. Sad. d. Angry. 2. The White family includes ... a. Two daughters and a son. b. A daughter and a son. ©.)Two sons and a daughter. d. Four children. 3. What is the next most likely event after the end of this passage? a. Trevor will get out of the limousine. b. Trevor will hug Becky. ©.) The family will rush to the plane. d. The family will miss their flight. 4. What will likely happen if the limousine does not stop at the United gate? a. Becky will start to cry. b. The kids will start to fight. c. The airline will delay the flight. (d.) Trevor will miss the flight. 5. What will probably happen the next time the Whites take a trip? Q a. Trevor will give himself more time to get to the airport. b. The family will take the train. c. Trevor and Becky will travel without the kids.

d. Sally Jo will be nicer to her brothers.

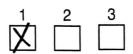


Name: esson 5. Passage 3 Questions "Community Safety" 1. What is the tone of this passage? a. Mysterious. b. Humorous. c. Educational. d. Happy. 2. Why did Lisa visit Wilbur Hauser? a. To learn about his previous business. b. To ask about the history of the town. © To ask about the pieces she found in the supply room. d. To learn about how to sell guns. 3. Why/was Wilbur afraid? a. He didn't want people to know he sold guns. b. He didn't want someone to be killed with one of his guns. c. He thought someone might break into his store and steal money. d. He didn't want folks to talk negatively about his store. 4. The next time Lisa finds mysterious items in the supply room, she will probably ... a. Go to the police. **b**. Forget about them. c. Try to sell them on the Internet. d. Talk to Wilbur again. 5. Why would people want to get Wilbur's guns? a. They wanted to celebrate on Saturday night. (b) They wanted revenge for the teenager's death. c. They wanted to use them for target practice in the streets. d. They wanted to shoot out windows along Main Street.

| Inference Feedback | |
|--|--|
| I like the way you | and the state of t |
| Interacted with the questions and | |
| , the passage | the state of the s |
| Noted what you know | ame: |
| Found the clues | +12/15 |
| Explored any supporting details | |
| Returned to the question and | Lesson 5, Passage 4 |
| answered it | "Wet Surprise" |
| | |
| Next time, you'll do even better if you | beautiful, starlit Saturday evening. Palm trees were |
| ✓ Code the type of question | a warm gentle breeze. Charlie and Jane had just a warm gentle breeze for a walk at the Ag Station," |
| Look for more clues | a warm gentile breeze. Strain a walk at the Ag Station," |
| Answer the questions | a warm gentle breeze. Chame and dans ching a movie. "Let's go for a walk at the Ag Station," |
| Make sure your answers relate to | lane agreed. |
| information in the passage | ss-covered agriculture station had been built on a hill ss-covered agriculture station had been built on a hill ss-covered agriculture station had been built on a hill ss-covered agriculture station had been built on a hill |
| See me if you need help! | ss-covered agriculture station had been being a same a serious fifty years earlier. Moonlight illuminated a flight |
| | e steps that led up to the main building. On either side |
| of concrete | s steps that led up to the main building. s were coconut trees surrounded by freshly cut grass. |
| the stop | c ware cocollul liees surrourists |
| 1 1 (4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | A STANDON OF TO THE SIDE TOWARD A |
| After C | bool. He wanted to rinse the mud from his flip flops. |
| a square p | bool. He wanted to impool, the kind they build for little |
| Charlie tho | bool. He wanted to rinse the mud from the build for little bught it was a shallow pool, the kind they build for little bught it was a stepped in expecting to touch bottom |
| kids back | ought it was a shallow pool, the kind the story in the States. He stepped in, expecting to touch bottom to below the surface. The next thing Charlie knew, he was totally soaked. |
| a foot or tw | vo below the surface. The next thing officially soaked. |
| l was under | water. His glasses came on, and |
| The pool v | vac at least six teel uccp. |
| | . Observice multook himself out of the water. |
| In a fe | w seconds, Charlie?" "Yeah, I guess, but I |
| Jane aske | ed, "Are you all right, Charlie?" "Yeah, I guess, but I lasses." The next day he went back to the pool to |
| lost my g | asses." The next day he went back to the plant asses. |
| recover h | is glasses. Charlie was not used to swimming under |
| | |
| | |
| hugo free | h water eel. It had lots of sharp teeth. Charlie was |
| nuge nes | III Water com |
| terrified. | - |
| | 3 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Clues I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I |
| | 1 2 3 4 5 |
| F 4014 11, 210 13 | |

| Name: | |
|--|---|
| Lesson 5, Passage 4 Questions "Wet Surprise" | |
| 1. The setting of this passage is probably a. A tropical island. b. A city in the U.S. c. Somewhere in Japan. d. A farm town. | Q A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A |
| a. To cool his feet. b. To impress his girlfriend. c. To clean off his sandals. d. All of the above. | Q A C O |
| a. Get out of the water as fast as he can. b. Strangle the eel with his bare hands. c. Wait for the eel to swim away. d. Shoot the eel with his spear gun. | Q A A |
| 4. Why did Charlie not realize how deep the pool was? a. He had trouble seeing. b. It was dark. c. He lost his glasses. d. He had been in the pool. | Q A B B I |
| 5. What caused Charlie to lose his glasses? a. They fell off when his face hit the sidewalk. b. They fell off when he was pushed and fell down. c. They fell off when he looked down at the water. d. The force of the water knocked them off. | B D I |
| d. The lorde of the water interest | |

INFERENCE STRATEGY VERBAL PRACTICE QUIZ



| 1. List the steps of the INFER Strategy. I nteract withe questions and the passage | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Note what you know | |
| FIND the cim? | |
| Explore the supporting details | |
| Return to the question | |
| 2. The two main types of questions are: | |
| a. Factual | |
| b. Think + seck | |
| 3. The three types of Think & Seek Questions and their code QUESTION NAME BIA PICTURE | letters are: CODE LETTER |
| Predicting | P |
| Clarifying | C |
| 4. To "infer" means that you: | n find |
| · | |
| 5. Predicting questions require you to: | |
| a. Make a prediction | ctoraa |
| b. Gruss what will happen next in the | stong |

INFERENCE STRATEGY VERBAL PRACTICE CHECKLIST

| | | | ۸tta | mnte | | |
|---|-----------------|---|----------|------|---|---|
| | <u>Attempts</u> | | | | | |
| | _1_ | | _3_ | | | |
| Describing the strategy in own words | | | | | | |
| Naming the steps: | | | | | | |
| Interact with the questions and the passage | _1_ | | | | | |
| Note what you know | _1_ | | | | | |
| Find the clues | 1 | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Explore any supporting details | 1 | | | | | |
| Return to the question | _1_ | | | | | |
| Questions: | | | | | | |
| 1. | | | | | | |
| 2 . 3 . | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | |
| Total | +9/1 | | | | | |
| Percentage Correct | <u>100</u> % | % | % | % | % | % |
| Dete | n 11/20 | Ĩ | | | | |

Inference Feedback

I fike the way you...

Interacted with the questions and the passage

Noted what you know

Found the clues

Explored any supporting details

Returned to the question and answered it

Next time, you'll do even better if you

Code the type of question

Look for more clues

Answer the questions

✓ Make sure your answers relate to

information in the passage

See me if you need help!

Level 6, Passage 3

"1348"



8 was not an auspicious year to embark on a nhad not heard the news. Cut off from the outside from the premises of his modest cloister in the www. Was that God had spoken to him. God had told he shrine at Canterbury Cathedral, where Archbishop ordered some two hundred years before.

41)

st in those days. There was no radio or TV, there were s, and there was certainly no Internet. Movable print nother 100 years. Besides, Brother Collin could just

Death had been spreading up from Italy for the last eleven months? In Northern Europe it had killed off eighty percent of the townspeople and a sizable portion of the country dwellers.

Collin attended mass before daybreak and made ready to depart. He was traveling with three other monks from his Benedictine order. They packed some bread and wine and extra wool clothing on a donkey and set off for the harbor at Stromness. There they met William Darby, a wool merchant on whose small ship they had booked passage to England.

<u>Crossing the North Sea took five long days, and Brother Collin felt sick most of the time</u>. He ate little of the food he had brought along. <u>Instead, he lost weight and prayed that God would let him live long enough to pay his respects to the murdered archbishop.</u>

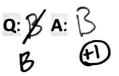
When the ship finally docked at Dover, not a blessed soul came out to meet them. What had once been a thriving port city was now deserted. Brother Collin and his kinsmen and their donkey climbed off the ship and started making their way along the north road to Canterbury.

As they walked, they passed piles of bodies that had been giving off a nauseating odor. Although Collin was glad to be off the ship, the smell of death was almost more than he could bear. He still could not bring himself to eat. He felt his legs growing weaker. On the first night, the brothers made beds of straw in an abandoned church. Collin thought he heard singing in the cold, dark distance, but then he realized that it was the howling of wolves.

Level 6, Passage 3 Questions

"1348"

- 1. Brother Collin made his trip to Canterbury because...
 - a. He wanted to take a gift to a friend.
 - b) God told him to go.
 - c. He was hearing voices.
 - d. All of the above.
- 2. What is the probable meaning of the "Black Death" in the second paragraph?
 - (a.) A deadly disease.
 - b. A bloodthirsty army.
 - c. A poetic term for depression.
 - d. A hideous monster.
- 3. What is the author's reason for writing this passage?
 - a. To make the reader sick.
 - b. To teach the reader about monks in the Middle Ages.
 - c. To dramatize the importance of good hygiene.
 - d.) To tell a suspenseful story and teach some history along the way.
- 4. What is the next most likely event?
 - a. Somebody will bring food to the hungry travelers.
 - b. The wolves will attack Collin in his sleep.
 - © God will tell Collin to call off the trip.
 - d. Collin will fall asleep.
- 5. What is the most likely reason that nobody met the ship in Dover?
 - a. People in Dover were opposed to pilgrimages.
 - b. The weather was keeping people indoors.
 - (c.) People were too afraid of the Black Death to leave their homes.
 - d. There were so many other ships that Collin's group was lost in the shuffle.
- 6. Which sentence best summarizes the passage?
 - a. Travel has improved a great deal since the fourteenth century. 'B
 - b. Collin had to accept a lot of hardships to obey his command from God.
 - c. Collin's trip broadened his thoughts about life.
 - There was no concern for public health in Collin's time.

















Inference Feedback
I like the way you...

Interacted with the questions and the passage

Noted what you know

Found the clues

Explored any supporting details

Returned to the question and answered it

Next time, you'll do even better if you

Code the type of question

Look for more clues

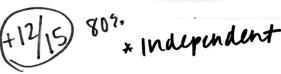
Answer the questions

See me if you need help!

Make sure your answers relate to information in the passage

Level 6, Passage 4

"Trumpet"



of shepherds, thousands of years before cell phones ic communication device was invented. The shepherd and runners to bring his clansmen together to discuss too much time. The king made an instrument from it a "shofar."

nrough the shofar, it made a sound that was loud nt tribesmen who had shofars of their own and who

could relay the message sum farther. This cut in half the time required to call the shepherds together. They still had to walk or run to the meeting place after hearing the call.

Later, powerful military chiefs used shofars to lead their soldiers into battle. Later still, when people learned to smelt metal from ore, they used brass, silver, and gold for musical instruments. Playing a short brass tube made a high sound, and a long tube made a low sound. The new metal shofars were called trumpets.

A famous Norman king named Richard the Lion Hearted organized a group of musicians who played short and long trumpets together. Richard took his knights into the cathedral to pray before departing England to fight in the Crusades. The trumpets played beautiful music as the men entered the church.

In the 1700s, inventors added more tubes and technology to the trumpet so that they could play all the notes in the scale. The three keys of a trumpet are called piston valves. When the musician presses a piston, it adds a length of tubing to the trumpet and adds a different set of notes that the musician can play.

In recent times, a new kind of king was born in our country: a march king. His name was John Philip Sousa, and he would become the latest innovator of the trumpet. He became head of the U.S. Marine Band in 1880 and served under five presidents. Sousa wrote music for the trumpet and for all the other wind and percussion instruments to play. In Willow Grove Park, near Philadelphia, crowds as large as forty thousand came to hear the concerts of the march king and his famous band.

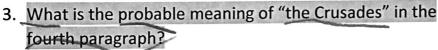
Level 6, Passage 4 Questions

"Trumpet"

- 1. The main topic of this passage is...
 - a. The communication technology of primitive shepherds.
 - b) The history of the trumpet.
 - c. The history of music.
 - d. The improvement in musical instruments through the ages.

2. Why did the shepherd king invent the shofar?

- a. To speed up long-distance communication.
- b. To increase his power over other shepherds.
- c. To bring more music to his tribes.
- d. All of the above.



- A competition where knights show off their horsemanship.
- b. A group of islands off the coast of England.
- c. A religious conference.
- d. A conflict of some kind in a faraway place.

4. Based on what you just read, what may happen in the future?

a. Recorded music will probably eliminate the need for trumpets b. Trumpets will continue to be used to send signals to troops.

People will continue to improve the trumpet.

d. Shofars will become popular rhythm and blues instruments.

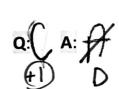
5. Which of these sentences best summarizes the last paragraph?

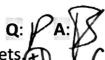
- (a) Sousa invented the modern form of the trumpet.
- b. Sousa helped people in our country love trumpet music.
- c. Sousa is famous for his invention of other instruments.
- d. Sousa created the original trumpet made out of metal.

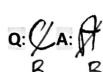
6. What is the probable meaning of "clansmen" in the first paragraph?

- a. People who are related by blood or culture.
- b. Members of a racist organization.
- $(\widehat{c}.)$ People who play shofars or trumpets.
- d. Knights or soldiers.

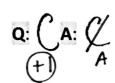












| Inference Feedback |
|---|
| Linke the way you |
| ✓ Interacted with the questions and the |
| passage |
| Noted what you know |
| Found the clues |
| Explored any supporting details |
| Returned to the question and |
| answered it |
| Next time, you'll do even better if you |
| Code the type of question |
| Look for more clues |
| Answer the questions |
| ✓ Make sure your answers relate to |
| information in the passage |
| . • |

Level 7, Passage 2

"Catwalk"

+8/15

(532)

shabby older hotel in the heart of the city. Because le of the hotel, our only vista was the catwalk in front orned and boring backsides of other buildings.

See me if you need help!

ty-five minutes," I left the room. At the end of the

hall, I spied a door to the outside. Not wanting to set off a fire alarm, I examined the door scrupulously before opening it.

"That'd be just like some hayseed from the sticks," I chuckled to myself. "No sooner has he gotten to the big city than he does something stupid." I opened the door cautiously and peered through it. No alarm sounded, and beyond the door, the catwalk and intoxicating city air beckoned to me.

Stepping out to the railing and leaving the door slightly ajar, I surveyed the cityscape, such as it was. Out of the corner of my eye, something struck me as peculiar about the door, something that I did not fully comprehend until a gust of wind arose and eased the door shut: click. The door was peculiar: It had no outside knob, which is how I found myself locked outside of the fourth floor of the hotel.

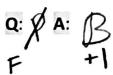
Of course, the easy thing would have been for me to follow the catwalk around to the window of my room and ask my pals to open the door for me. Had I done that, they would have teased me for the rest of my life. So I tried to climb down the fire escape to the street, but its lowest flight was missing, and it was too far for me to jump. Having no other choice, I climbed up the fire escape in the hope of finding an open door. Up and up and up I climbed.

When I got to the twenty-second story, I saw through the glass window in the fire door – some men working in an office. Engrossed in their discussion, they did not notice me. I knocked politely on the door, but they still did not notice me.

Level 7, Passage 2 Questions

"Catwalk"

- 1. Why did the author decide to go for a walk?
 - a. He was feeling pent up like a sardine in the hotel room.
 - (b.) It was too early for dinner.
 - c. His friends dared him to go.
 - d. All of the above.
- 2. What is the probable meaning of "hayseed" in the third paragraph?
 - a. Seed from which hay is grown.
 - (b) A dishonest person.
 - c. A person who lives in a small town.
 - d. A person who enjoys working with sticks.
- 3. What is the author's reason for writing this passage?
 - a. To entertain us with an embarrassing story.
 - **b.** To tell us a little about life in Chicago.
 - c. To show us how cruel his friends are.
 - d. To frighten us with a tale of narrow escape.
- 4. What is the most likely reason the author didn't ask his friends for help?
 - a. They would not have let him into the room.
 - b. He did not want them to know he locked himself out on the catwalk.
 - C. He did not want to disturb their naps.
 - d. He was quite sure that he could rescue himself if he stayed calm.
- 5. If the author knocks really hard on the fire door, ,
 - (a.) They may let him back in.
 - b. They may ask him to identify himself.
 - c. The men may call hotel security.
 - d. All of the above.
- 6. This passage is mostly about...
 - a. How a country kid gets along with others in the big city.
 - b. How to trap yourself on a fire escape.
 - c. How a young man tries to avoid teasing.
 - d. The risk any person takes by visiting Chicago.

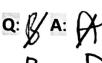


















Inference Feedback I like the way you... \checkmark Interacted with the questions and the passage ✓ Noted what you know _Found the clues _ Explored any supporting details Returned to the question and answered it Next time, you'll do even better if you Code the type of question Look for more clues Answer the questions ✓ Make sure your answers relate to information in the passage See me if you need help!

Level 7, Passage 4

"Projector"

+16/18

89%

urry after she pulled her pickup into the lot in front of ex. She had to spool six reels of Batman, The e trailers, and have the movie ready for showing at five minutes to unwind and splice, and that wasn't

make a movie. A two-hour movie plus five minutes of miles of film. Because of this length problem, the other street and thread the other projector with the second reel of the movie.

Then she would start the film on the first projector. When the movie was near the end of the reel, a small circle flashed in the corner of the screen as a signal. This told Bonnie to get ready to change to the other projector. Another small circle flashed when one second was left. At that point Bonnie pressed a special pedal to start the second projector and stop the first one.

While the second reel was rolling, she would take the first reel off the first projector and thread the third reel onto it. She had to do the whole movie like that, swapping back and forth between the projectors. Her job was a lot of work because she had to run two projectors for each movie.

When Bonnie learned how to use a platter film feed with just one projector, her job became a lot easier. She had a couple of large discs, or platters, each five feet in diameter, with one mounted horizontally a couple feet above the other. Between these platters and the projector was a tall machine, called a feeder, that took film from the upper disc and fed it to the projector. It then brought the film back from the projector and spooled it onto the lower disc.

That's the way it was supposed to work, but when Bonnie opened the door to the projection room that evening, she saw about a thousand feet of film lying in a huge pile of loops on the floor. She looked at her watch. It said 6:35.



Level 7, Passage 4 Questions

"Projector"

1. Why did Bonnie have to hurry?

- a. A couple of strangers had been following her pickup.
- b. She had a lot of work to do and not much time to do it.
- (c.) She had to have the movie ready to go in five minutes.
- d. She had to count the trailers before she could show Batman, The Beginning.

2. What is the probable meaning of "feeder" in the fifth paragraph?

- a. A company that distributes movies to individual theaters.
- b. A piece of film that in inserted into the project to start a movie.
- g. Anyone who prepares food at a movie concession stand. d A machine that moves film between platters and projector.

3. What is the author's reason for writing this passage?

- a. To show how Bonnie learned to use a platter film feed.
- b. To amuse the reader with a personal experience.
- c) To compare old and new movie projectors within a story.
- d. To show how Bonnie solved the problem of the spilled film.

4. The first thing Bonnie will probably do next is to...

(a) Tell the customers that the movie will be delayed a few minutes.

- Б. Carefully rewind the spilled film.
- Get out the old projectors.
- d. Cut out the spilled film and use what is still on the platters.

5. Which sentence best summarizes the passage?

- a. Bonnie is used to dealing with emergencies at her job.
- b. Bonnie misses the old system of two projectors and a pedal.
- c. Even though projector technology has improved, things can still go wrong.
- (d) Running a movie projector requires at least one year of technical training.

The author's description implies that...

- a. Bonnie is now using the double-projector technology.
- b. Bonnie is now using the single-projector technology.
- (c.) Bonnie works with an assistant in the projection room.
- d. The platter technology does not need a feeder.

